

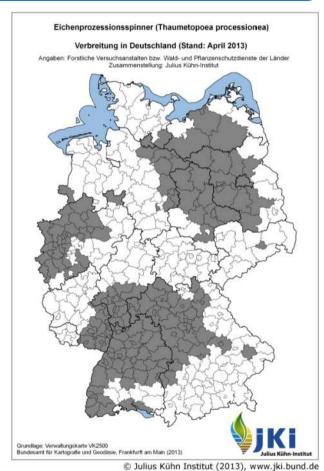
Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin

Dermal and Inhalation Exposure of Workers During Control of the Oak Processionary Moth (OPM) by Spray Applications

Dr. Michael Roitzsch
Group 4.1 "Exposure Scenarios"

Oak Processionary Moth (OPM)

- native to central and southern Europe
- range of distribution is expanding
- caterpillars form stinging hairs
- Hazard to human health
 - skin and eye irritation
 - breathing difficulty
 - allergic reaction



Range of OPM in Germany 2013, Julius Kühn-Institut



Oak Processionary Moth (OPM)

- control of OPM

- Insecticides (spray application)
- removal of nests by suction

common active substances

- Margosa-extract ("Neem")
- diflubenzuron (until 2015)
- B. thuringiensis subsp. kurstaki



Nest from previous year, april 2014



Agents for Control of OPM: Situation in 2013

- control of OPM to prevent human health: Biocides-Regulation
- In 2013, no authorised biocidal product for control of OPM
- several products allowed due to transitional provisions



Warning sign near Lüneburg, may 2014



Authorisation of Biocides

2-step process

- 1. Approval of active substances
- 2. Authorisation of products

role of BAuA Division 4

assessment of occupational safety and health



human health risk assessment

- derivation of reference values
- exposure assessment for intended uses
- comparison: exposure level vs. reference value



Control of OPM by Spray Applications



vehicle-mounted spraying device



hand-held spraying device

photos: BAuA



Exposure Assessment of OPM Control

- no suitable exposure data was available
- applicability of exposure models developed for plant protection products (PPP)?
 - crops significantly smaller than oaks
 - → focus on different spraying devices
 - → different spraying patterns
 - different general conditions
 - → (groups of) trees approached individually
 - → trees may be poorly accessible
- → transfer of PPP data to OPM control would bear a high level of uncertainty!



Project Organisation

project management

-BAuA, unit 4.1 "Exposure Scenarios"

measurements and analysis

- inhalation exposure: BAuA, unit 4.4
 "Measurement of Hazardous Substances"
- dermal exposure: IPASUM, University of Erlangen-Nuremberg
- -field trials: April/May 2014 + 2015



Sampling Strategy: Inhalation



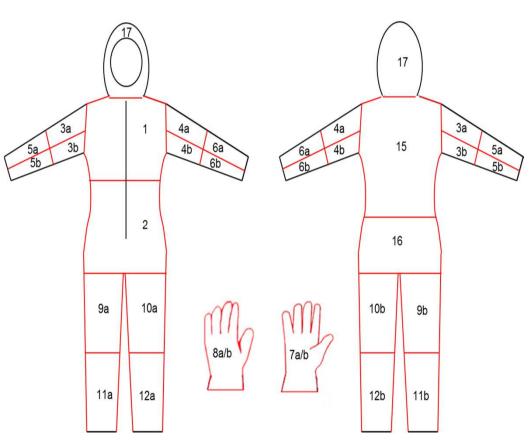




photos: BAuA



Sampling Strategy: Dermal





picture: IPASUM

Results: Vehicle-mounted Spraying Devices

exposure patterns during preparation of the application liquid

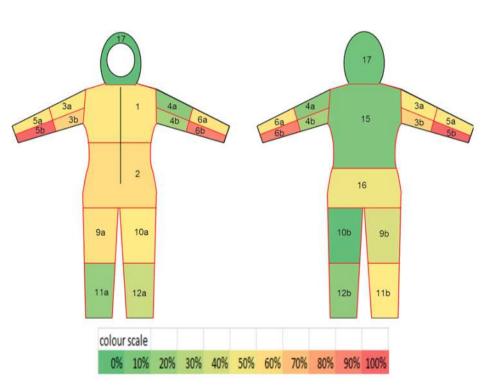




photo: BAuA



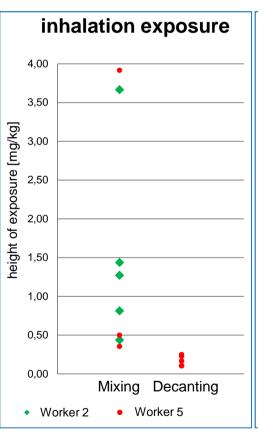
Results: Hand-held Spraying Devices

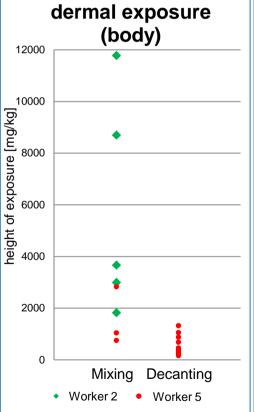
comparison: mixing application liquid vs decanting from the tank (presented data include application!)

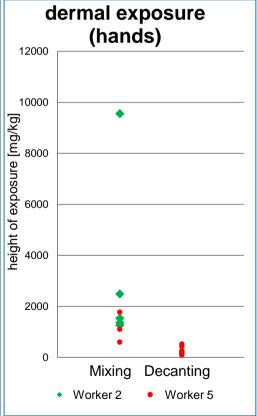


Mixing











Results: Hand-held Spraying Devices

exposure patterns resulting from hand-held spraying

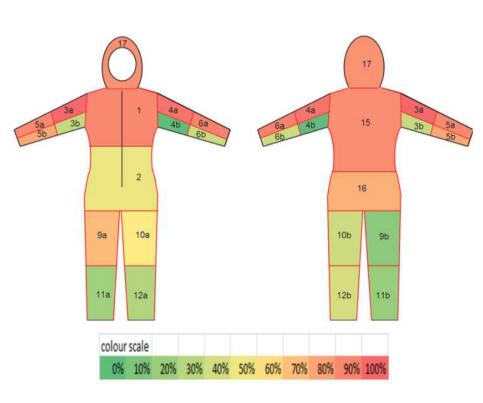


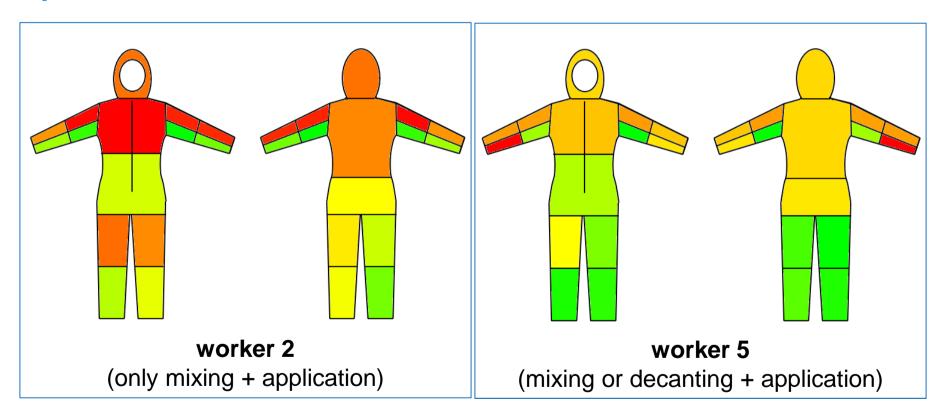


photo: BAuA



Results: Hand-held Spraying Devices

exposure patterns resulting from hand-held spraying: personal behaviour



pictures: IPASUM



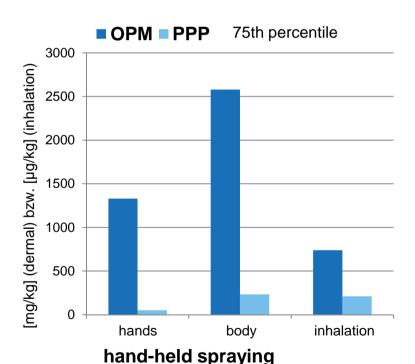
Comparison Between OPM Control and PPP Models

comparison with data from AOEM:*

hand-held spraying

M&L: knapsack all

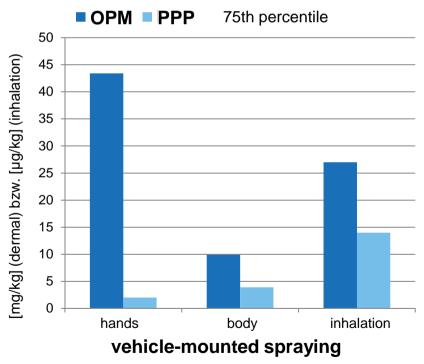
App: HCHH all



vehicle-mounted spraying

• M&L: ML tank WG

App: HCTM cabin



^{*}Joint development of a new Agricultural Operator Exposure Model - Project Report. Federal Institute for Risk Assessment (BfR), 2013



Summary

- control of OPM to prevent human health: Biocides-Regulation
- products must be authorized for Control of OPM
- project F 2343: data on inhalation and dermal exposure for assessment of biocides
 - vehicle-mounted spraying
 - hand-held spraying

- results:

- mixing and loading phase contribute significantly to the overall exposure
- exposure depends significantly on different approaches and personal behaviour
- major differences to exposure seen in PPP applications



Thank You for Your Attention!

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