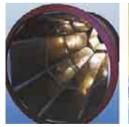
Room acoustic design of orchestra pits

Horst Drotleff, Michael Leistner

















Content



- Acoustic problems in pits
- Subjective and objective tests
- Room acoustic approach
- Refurbished pits
- Summary



Renovated pits / Basis for room acoustic approach

- Staatstheater Stuttgart,
 Großes Haus
- S-H Landestheater, Stadttheater Flensburg
- S-H Landestheater, Stadttheater Rendsburg
- Stadttheater Duisburg
- Staatstheater Mainz, Großes Haus

- Aalto Theater Essen
- Stadttheater Koblenz
- Theater Aachen
- Stadthalle Biberach
- Hippodrome Theatre, Birmingham
- The Royal Opera House, London
- Stadttheater Regensburg











Acoustic load

	L _{eq} dB(A)	L _{max} dB
Strings	~ 83 – 90	up to 110
Woodwind	~ 86 – 95	up to 117
Horn /Trumpet /Trombone	~ 83 – 96	up to 120
Percussion / Kettledrum		up to 130 (?)

Billeter, T. et al: Gehörbelastung von Orchestermusiker

Fearn, R. W.: Hearing loss in Musicians, 1992

Funk, D.: Lärmbelastung von Orchestermusikern

Laitinen, H. M. et al: Sound exposure among the finnish national opera personnel, 2003

Lee, A. et al: Musician's noise exposure in orchestra pit, 2005

Kwiatkowski, A. et al: Schalldruckpegel im Orchestergraben eines Opernhauses, 1986

Mikl, K.: Orchestral Musik: An assessment of risk, 1995

Naylor, G.M.: Problem and priorities in orchestra pit design, 1985

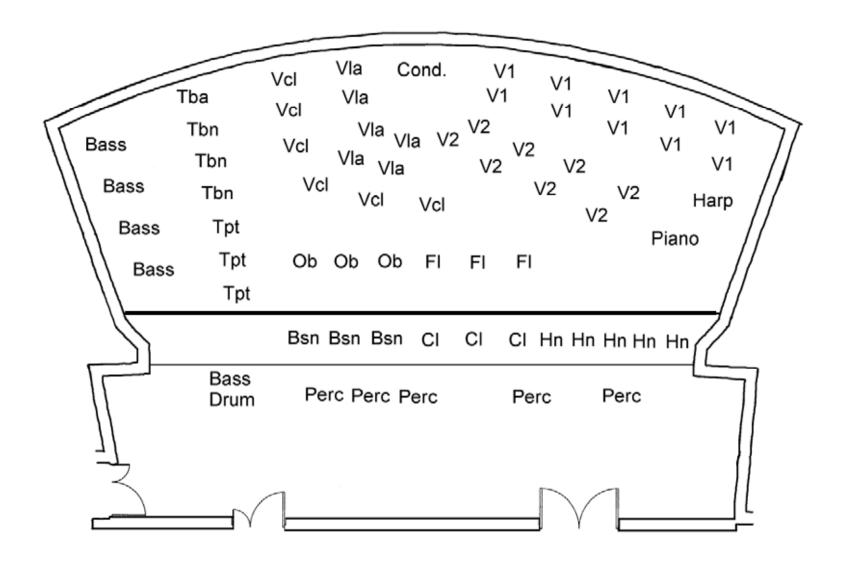
Vogt, J. et al: Schallbelastungen im Orchestergraben und potentielle Schutzmaßnahmen



"Nutcracker" in Hippodrome Theatre, Birmingham

	whole event Leq	8-hour Leq (ONE perf)	8-hour Leq (TWO perf)	highest peak dB (C)
In front of main Percussion desk	90	85	88	129
2nd violin music stand nearest Piccolo	92	87	90	122
Bass clarinet, by ear in front of trumpets	91	86	89	123
Cor Anglais in front of trumpets	91	86	90	125
2nd bassoon in front of timpani	90	85	88	126
double basses on music stand	90	85	88	120
In front of conductor on viola music stand	88	83	86	116
French horns on 2nd desk music stand	95	90	93	124







1. Is the orchestra pit of Birmingham Hippodrome especially bad?

Yes: 6

No: 25

2. Key problem

Related to overhang	12
Non acoustic / no problem	7
Too little room between instrument groups	5
Other instruments are hard to hear	5
Too loud, not overhang related	4

3. Other problems

Non acoustic / no problem	7
Too loud, not overhang related	5
Too dry	4
Related to overhang	3



5. Overall acoustic impression

Very good Good Satisfactory Fair Poor 0 2 14 12 4

6. Overall acoustic impression, compared to other pits

a lot better better Same worse a lot worse 1 12 10 11 0

7. How loud in forte?

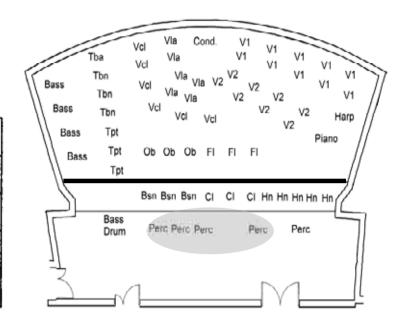
Painfully loud Too loud Suffic. loud Soft Too soft 12 18 0 0

8. How loud in forte, compared to other pits?

a lot louder Same softer a lot softer 1 11 9 8 0

How loud is it at your position in forte?

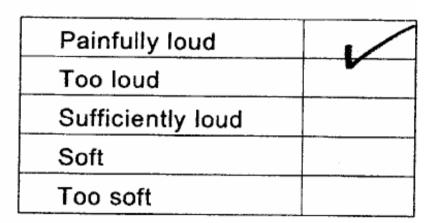
Painfully loud	
Too loud	V
Sufficiently loud	
Soft	
Too soft	

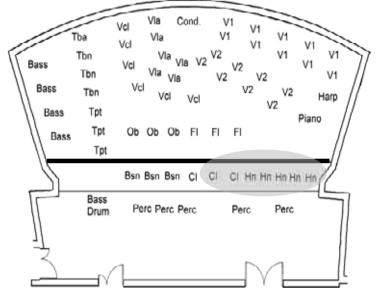


Remarks:	1	MADE	WORS	E BY	THE	USUAL	BACK	(GADE	
C	F	SCRE	EMZ	PURCE	N) C	FRONT	GF US=	REFLEC	TING
0	UR	€64	o) .50	UND C	8A OK	AT US.		•••••	



How loud is it at your position in forte?





Remarks:					
When under	the low	eciling th	re pice a	nd aure	nd high
boodwind ca	r be o	rier cinaly	loud.	······	
		\mathcal{O}	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •



How loud is it at your position in forte compared to other orchestra pits?

			Tba _{Vcl} Vla V	V1 V1
	A lot louder		Bass Tbn Vcl Vla Vla V2 V2 Tbn Vcl Vla Vla V2	V1 V
	Louder	1	Bass Tbn Vcl Vcl Vcl Bass Tpt	V2 V2 Harp //
	Same		Bass Tpt Ob Ob Ob Fi Fi Tpt	
	Softer		Bsn Bsn Bsn Cl Cl	CI Hn Hn Hn Hn Hn
	A lot softer		Bass Drum Perc Perc Perc	Perc Perc
Remarks:		*****	7	
A more open	pit / higher e	reilings malor	the roise	
	re confortable			

Fraunhofer Institut Bauphysik

9. Instruments that are too loud

Percussion 22

Piccolo 9

Brass 9

Horns 8

Timpani 5

Woodwind 5

10. Instruments that are hard to hear

Strings 19

Bass 8

Woodwind 8

11. Opinion to screens

Positive 9

Neutral 5

Negative 13



What is your opinion about the protective screens which are being used in the Birmingham Hippodrome orchestra pit? Useless. They should have a dampening naterial on tem instead of a different direction. I realise this would cause visual problems for the planer behind but that should be a lesser issue than domaging peoples hearing! Also the angle of the scarcens is just left to chance. If you think about it Ben Ben Ben CI CI CI Hn Hn Hn Hn Hn Perc Perc Perc

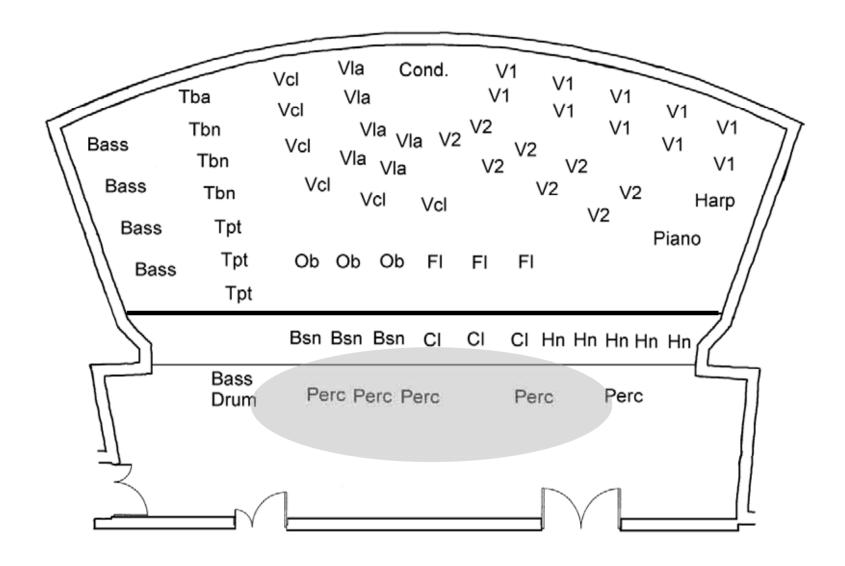


12. Clarity of sound

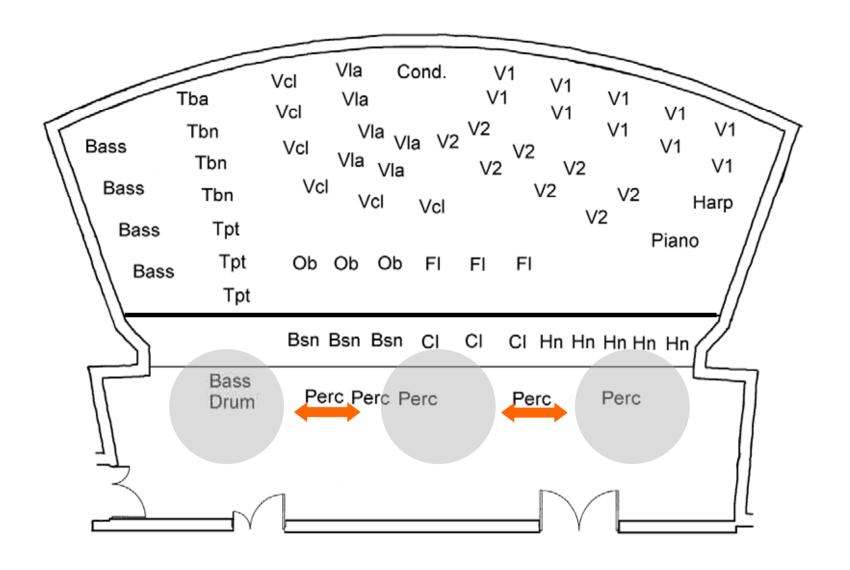
Very good Good Satisfactory Fair Poor 0 6 14 8 2

13. Merging of sound

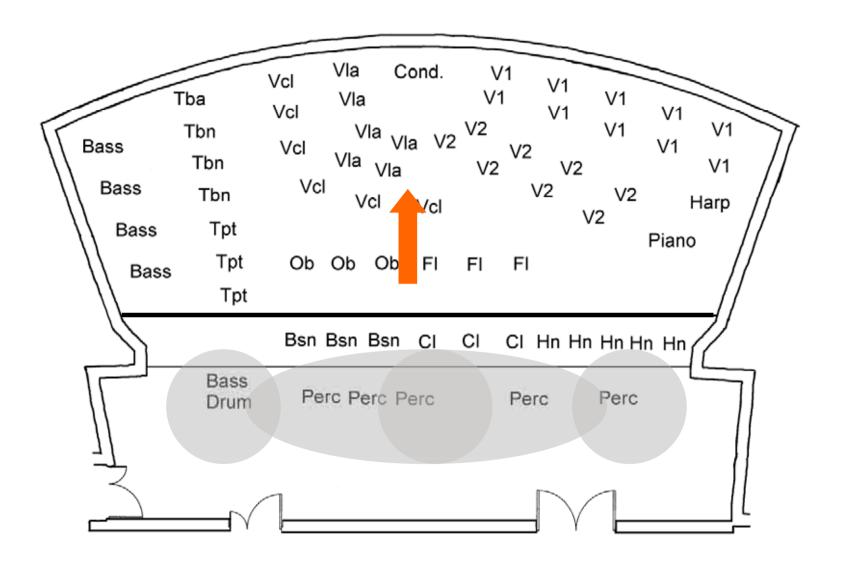
Very strong Strong Good Little Very little 0 3 11 8 1



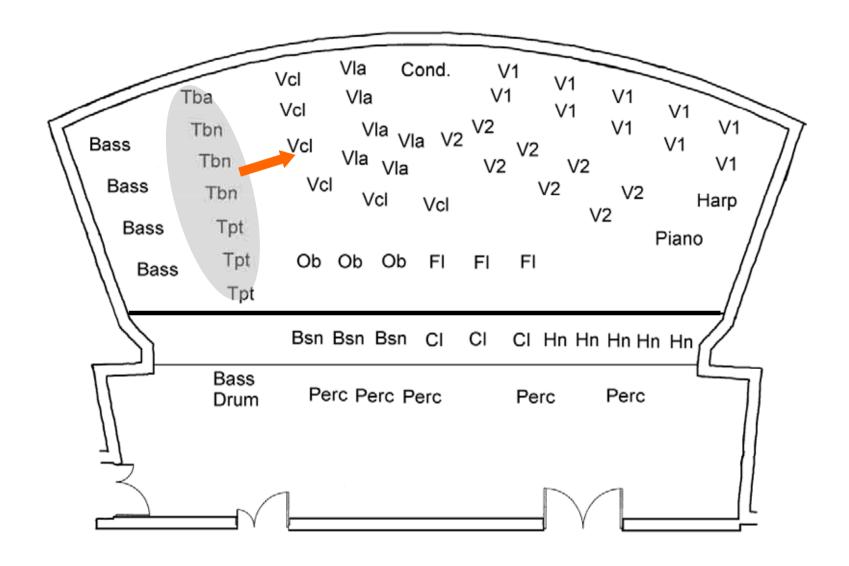




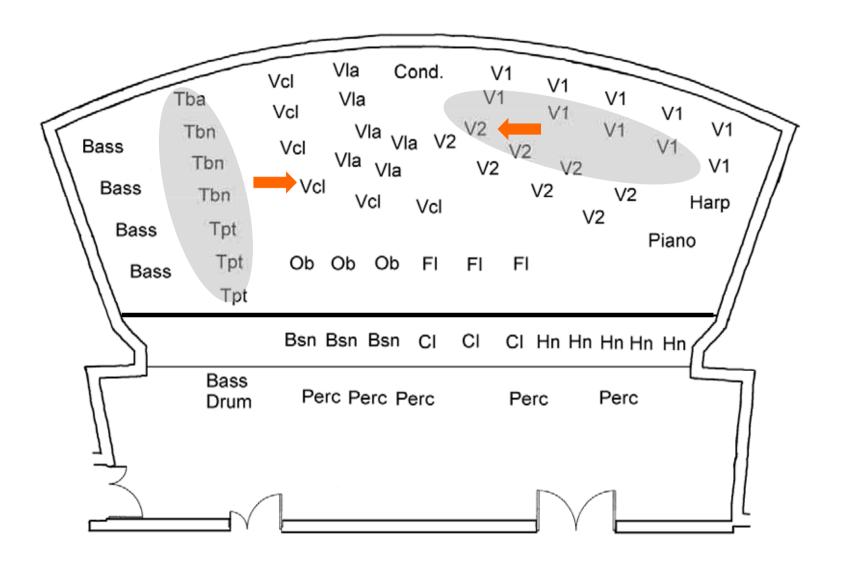












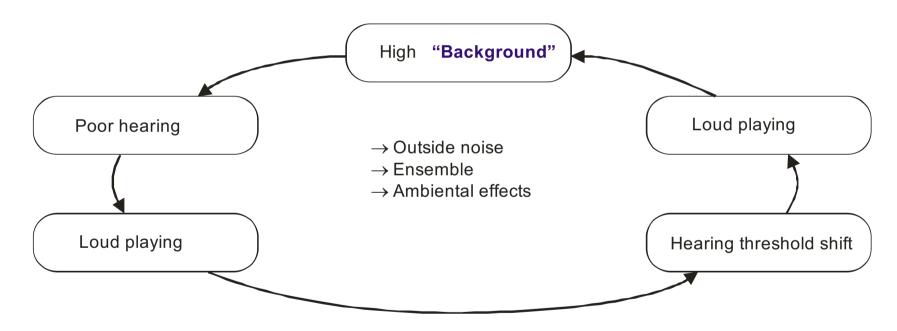


Hypothesis

Ambience Reverberation, sound reflection Acoustic Transparency
Hearing, Self-control

Dynamic RangeMax. Level - "Background"

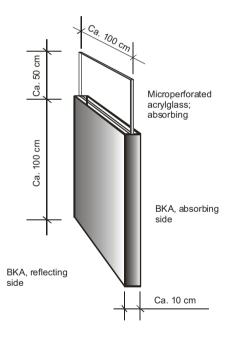
Cause / Effect- Spiral

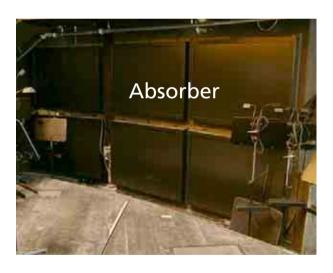


Various approaches

- Individual ear protection
- Shielding measures
- Room acoustic measures







Acoustic design of orchestra pits

- Geometry optimisation
 - 1.5 m² / Musician (Naylor 1985, Mackenzie 1985)
 - Area ratio covered / open (Barron 1993)
 - − Height below the overhang; 2.5 ~ 3.5 m (Barron 1993)
- First reflections via proscenium surfaces (Tennhardt 2002)
- Sensible positioning of instruments (Tennhardt 2002)
- Accentuated sound field at low frequencies (Tennhardt 2002)
- High frequencies over-damped (Tennhardt 2002)
- Absorption desirable, but not too much (Barron 1993)

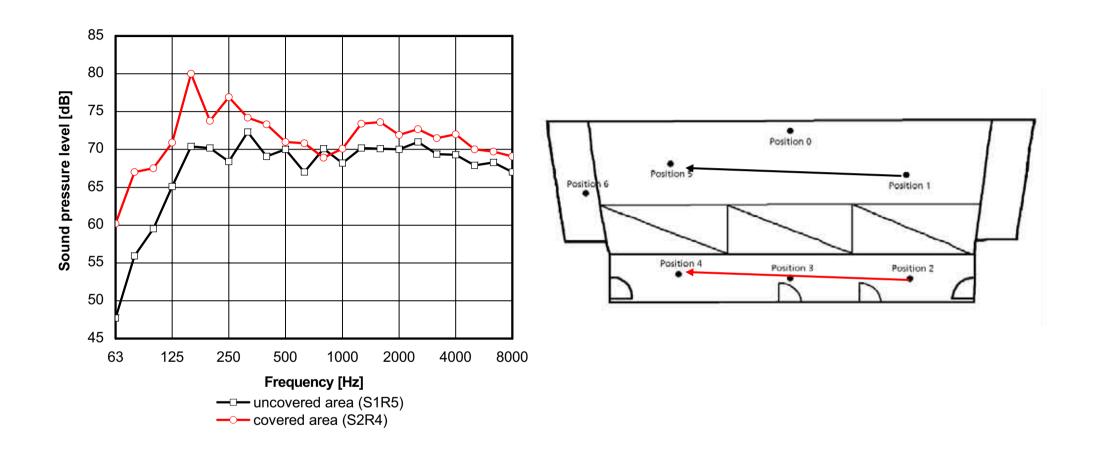


Room acoustic approach

- Minimizing the pit influence
 - Reducing the size of overhang
 - Selective absorption → uniform decay times
 - Kettledrum / percussions → broad band absorption
- Uncovered area → only low frequency absorption
- Transparent, absorbing screen elements
- 1. and 2. Violins \rightarrow on podiums

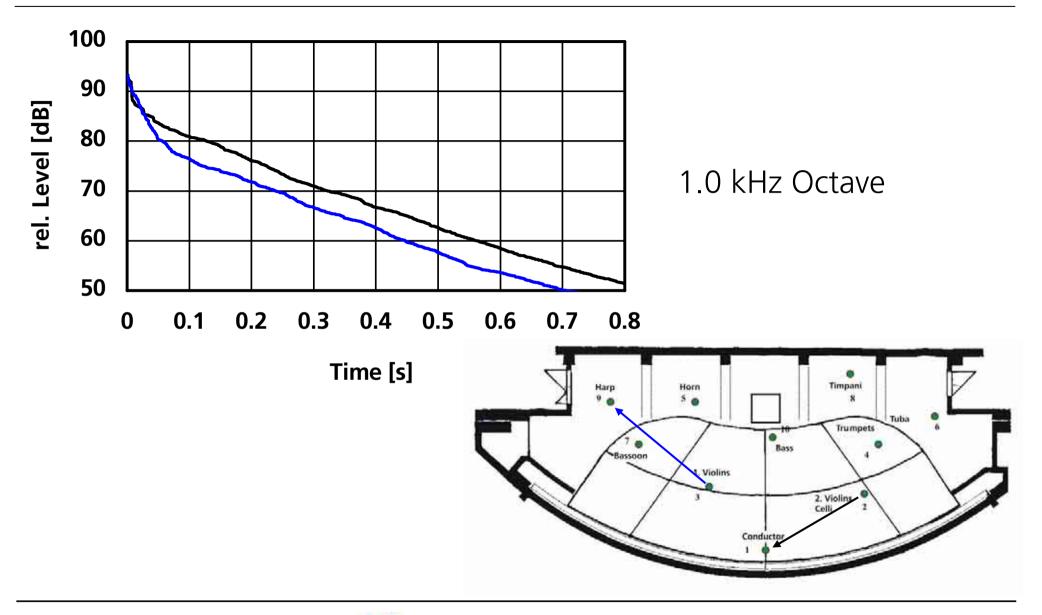


Sound levels covered vs. uncovered

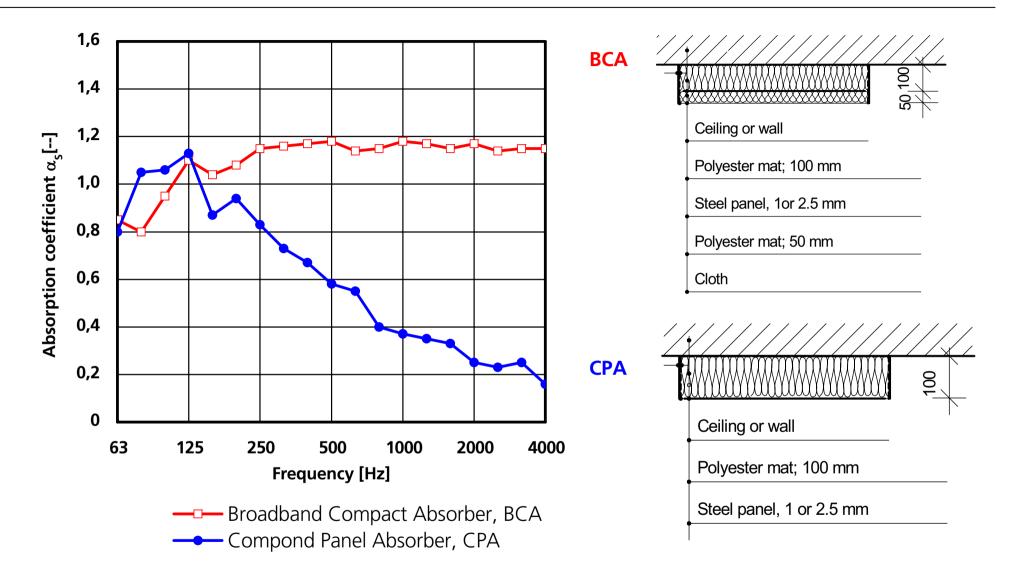




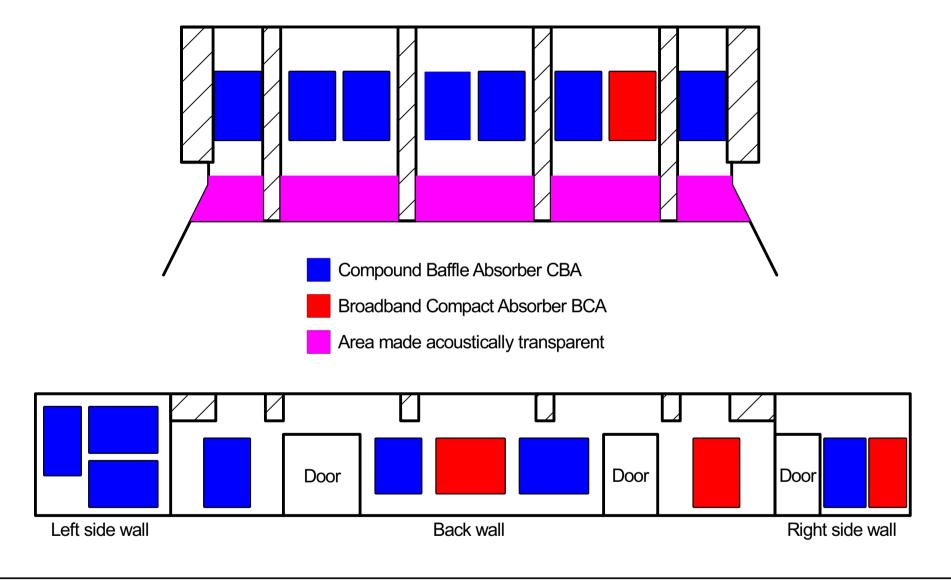
Decay times



Absorbers

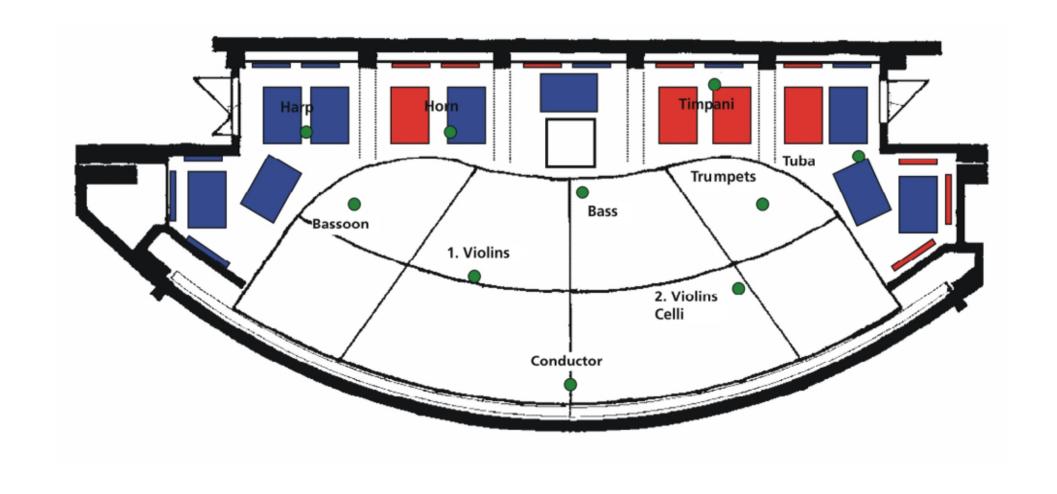


Selective absorption



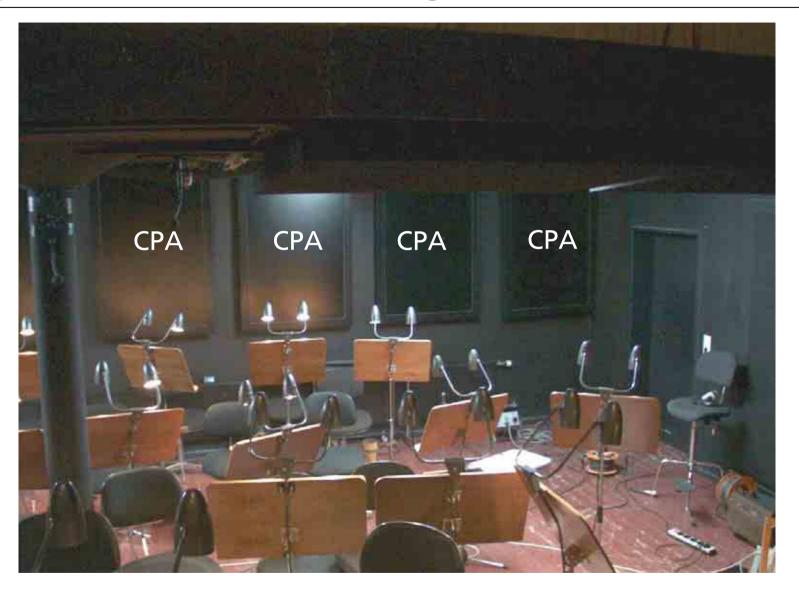


Selective absorption





Examples: Landestheater Flensburg



Examples: Staatstheater Mainz, Großes Haus



Examples: Royal Opera House, London



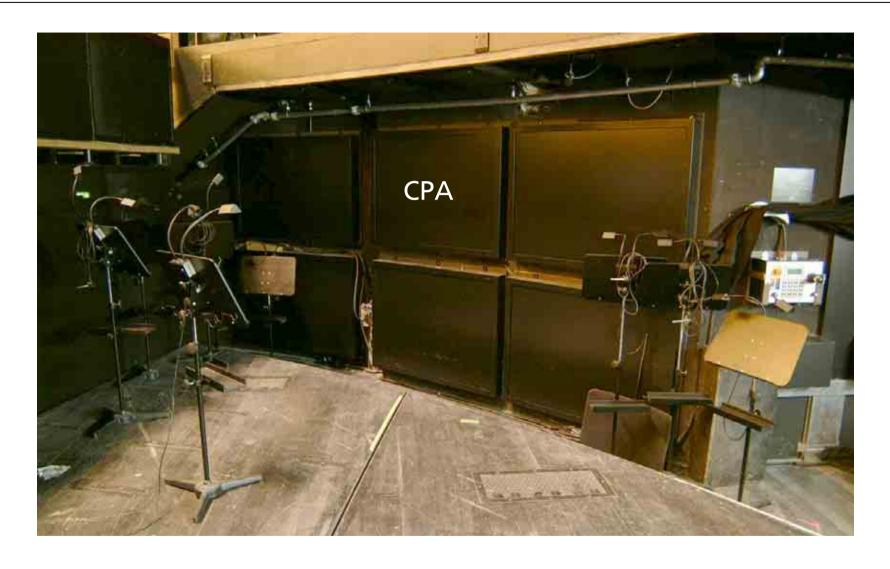


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Examples: Staatstheater Mainz, Großes Haus



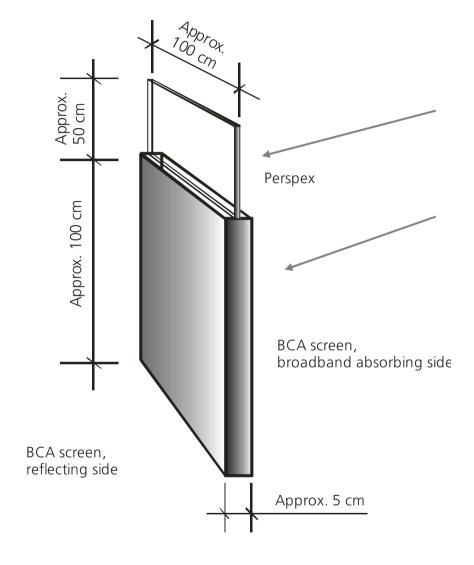


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Transparent and absorbing screens



Microperforated Absorber (Perspex)

Broadband Compact Absorber, BCA (absorbing side)

Wogram, K.: Measures against an inadmissible sound burden within an orchestra, 2005

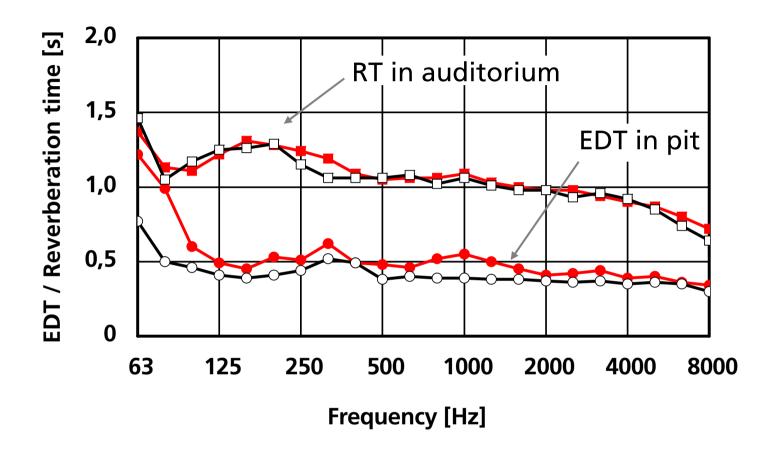


Room acoustic approach

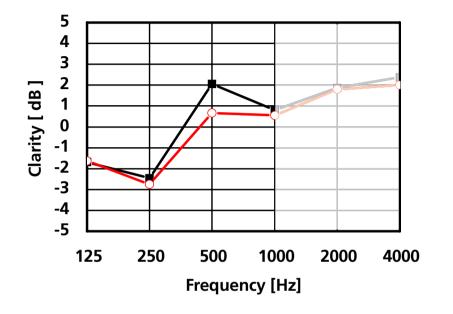
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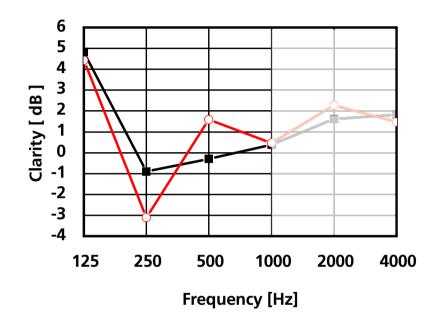


Decay times in auditorium and orchestra pit



With $(-\Box -, -\Box -)$ and without $(-\bullet -, -\blacksquare -)$ measures in the pit





With (—■—) and without (—○—) measures in the pit

Exemplary feedback; Staatstheater Flensburg

Out of 37 Musicians:

- Considerable aggravation	I
Aggravation	
No changes	3

Considerable aggravation

- Improvement22
- Considerable improvement 11

